



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

fairly efficient as far as work on the border is concerned. However, consular certificates of five days from yellow fever foci are discredited. Would suggest appointment of good medical inspectors at San Luis Potosi, and Saltillo. The third is principally in Tabor's hands. The State has quarantine against Laredo, and only through passenger traffic to points north of Arkansas, Indian Territory, and Ohio River permitted. All traffic with Corpus Christi is stopped. We are making efforts to reestablish it. Tabor has not yet agreed to train inspection. There is nothing to prevent passengers getting off along the line except local quarantines. These are effective enough at stations, but it is possible for passengers to get off between stations. About three thousand people have left Laredo since the 16th instant.

GUITERAS.

Premises of yellow fever cases disinfected—Laredo placed under strict quarantine.

LAREDO, TEX., September 26, 1903.

WYMAN, Washington:

Frick arrived this morning; have disinfected premises of two fatal cases; will disinfect surroundings this afternoon; no new cases reported. Tabor has put Laredo under strict quarantine. Through passenger traffic for points outside of Texas opened up this morning with notification of proper health authorities. Camp outfit and mosquito netting not arrived; it is an urgent need, as supply here is very small. Have employed about twenty men and divided them into two mosquito gangs. Request authority to order material if necessary from Wertenbaker.

GUITERAS.

Detention camp outfit to be held at Cactus.

SEPTEMBER 26, 1903.

Surgeon GUITERAS,

Laredo, Tex.

Referring to detention camp due to arrive have it sidetracked and retained on cars at some point outside Laredo, say Cactus, until otherwise ordered.

WYMAN.

Dengue reported in Nueces County.

WASHINGTON, September 26, 1903.

Acting Assistant Surgeon BURKE,

Corpus Christi, Tex.

Dengue is reported as being in Nueces County. Wire if you have any knowledge of it.

WYMAN.